$\times 103$ kg/m³.

Code No: R194135G

IV B.Tech I Semester Advance Supplementary Examinations, March - 2023 MECHANICAL MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION

(Open Elective)

Time: 3 hours

Answer any FIVE Questions ONE Question from Each unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks *****

UNIT I

1	a)	Explain the basic functional elements of a generalized measurement system.	[7]
	b)	A bourdon pressure gauge having a linear calibration has a 50 mm long pointer. It moves over a circular dial having an arc of 270° . It displays a pressure range of 0 to 15 bar (1 bar = 10^{5} Pa). Determine the sensitivity of the Bourdon gauge in terms of scale length per bar (i.e., mm/bar). (OR)	[8]
2	a)	A voltmeter with internal resistance of 200 k Ω is connected across an unknown resistance. It reads 250 V and the milliammeter connected in series with the same resistance reads 10 mA. Determine the apparent resistance, actual resistance and loading error due to the loading effect of the voltmeter.	[7]
	b)	Define limiting errors. Derive the expression for relative limiting errors.	[8]
		UNIT II	
3	a)	Explain about analogue and digital transducers	[7]
2	b)	Explain signal conditioning system	[8]
	0)	(OR)	[0]
4	a)	Explain the generalized diagram of a digital data acquisition system?	[7]
	b)	Explain different static performance characteristics of an instrument	[8]
		UNIT III	
5	a)	Explain the working of Bridgman pressure gauge for measurement of	
-		high pressure	[7]
	b)	A well type manometer uses mercury as the manometric fluid. The displacement of mercury in the well is 25 mm. The area of well is 6500 mm ² . The maximum span of manometer is 25 KN/m ² . Calculate the inside diameter of the manometer tube. The density of mercury is 13.56	ι·]

1 of 2

Max. Marks: 75

[8]

Set No. 1

6

(OR)

Set No. 1

)	a)	Explain the working of McLeod pressure gauge used for measuring	
		vacuum pressure.	[7]
	b)	List out different types of manometers and explain the working if	
		inclined tube manometer.	[8]

UNIT IV

7	a)	Describe the method of strain measurement in a cantilever using two	
		active gauges	[7]
	b)	A bimetallic thermometer is made up of strips of a nickel-chromium	
		alloy and Invar bonded together at 25°C. Each strip has a thickness of 1	
		mm and a length of 50 mm. Calculate the radius of curvature produced	
		when the strip is unstrained and is subjected to a temperature of 200°C.	
		For nickel chrome alloy and Invar the moduli of elasticity and coefficients of expansion respectively are 216 GN/m ² , 147 GN/m ² and	
		12.5×10^{-6} /°C, 1.7×10^{-6} /°C.	[8]
		(OR)	r - 1
8	a)	Discuss the construction and principle of vapor pressure thermometer	[7]
	b)	Explain the working of electrical resistance type thermometer	[8]
		UNIT V	
9	a)	Explain the working of proving ring used for force measurement.	[7]
	b)	Explain the working of different mechanical tachometers	[8]
		(OR)	
10	a)	The sound pressure level measured at 10 m from an automobile horn is	
		110 dB. Determine the sound pressure level at distances of	
		i) 20 m and	
		ii) 80 m. Assume that the inverse square law holds good between	
		intensity and distance	[7]
	b)	Explain the construction and principle of working of a LVDT	[8]